CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE.

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DAILY TRIBUNE.

Monday Morning .... May 3, 1858.

For MONETARY and COMMERCIAL See Fourth Page.

Further Difficulties in Kansas.

Our readers will notice by a letter from our special correspondent in this morning's Tribune, that the wounds are re-opened in Kansas—this time, on the other side of the bars. It appears that Dr. Blake Little, of Fort Scott, a member of the [illegible] Convention and ex officio U. S. Marshal, made a foray with a company of U. S. troops on a band of fifteen or twenty Free State men. The latter fled several miles—all being on horseback—but finally halted and ordered their pursuers to halt. Marshal Little ordering his automatons to go ahead, the Free State men fired and killed one man and wounded several others. Little & Co. then broke up in disorder and made a forced march to Fort Scott.

The Election To-morrow.

Citizens should not forget that an election is held in all the wards of the city, to-morrow, for a Water Commissioner and Sewerage Commissioner of the South Division. The candidates for the former office are Mr. Orrington Lunt, the present incumbent, and H. B. Bay. For the latter, the only candidate is Capt. J. D. Webster, the present Commissioner. The importance of these offices will be recognized, when it is known that the Water and Sewerage Boards will have the disbursement, during the coming year, of half a million dollars, for completing the works under their charge. The Boards are now constituted as follows: Water Commissioners, George W. Dole, Orrington Lunt, Noah Sturtevant; Sewerage Commissioners, Wm. Ogden, J. D. Webster, Sylvester Lind.

The Marine Hospital.

An exciting skirmish is just now in progress between Dr. John L. Page and Dr. John G. Keenan for the post occupied at present by Dr. Brock McVickar, in the Marine Hospital. Page seems to have the inside track, but Keenan crowds him somewhat by virtue of his relationship to Col. R. J. Hamilton. "Where Doctors disagree, who shall decide?" Echo answers James Buchanan.

Difference of Opinion.—Mr. Stephens, of Georgia, one of the concocters of the English thimble-rig, is very sure that the bill does not submit the Lecompton Constitution to the people of Kansas. The Chicago Times is quite as sure that it is so submitted. English, the putative father of the swindle, and Cox, of Ohio, an eleventh-hour convert, refuse to express an opinion. Who will reconcile the difference?

[illegible] Indecision—How Will Cox Go?

Washington, April 28.

To the initiated observer, the presence of influential Senators on the floor in unusual numbers, and the succession of persons who came to converse for a moment or two with Quitman, Cox, Harris, English, on the Democratic side of the hall, and with Howard, Colfax, Giddings, Grow and the Washburnes on the Republican side, would sufficiently indicate that the Kansas question was about to come up and that each party was tolerably sure of success. Every doubtful man had been carefully canvassed, and every possible plan had been discussed and exhausted of the great, the important, the all-absorbing question, "How will Cox go?" As goes Hull, so goes the State, they say in Massachusetts when awaiting the returns of a doubtful election—Hull being the smallest town in the Commonwealth. As goes Cox so goes the House, was the saying in Washington to-day and yesterday—he being the smallest man in the House. Every variety of rumor was in circulation about Mr. Cox. Some said he was going for English's bill, and some said he wasn't. Mr. Cox himself was as mysterious as an oracle, and as impenetrable as fate. To all inquiries of a common-place order Mr. Cox merely replied, with a Lord Burleigh-like shake of his head, that he didn't know how he should vote. To inquiries of a minute and pressing order he vouchsafed a metaphysical answer equally profound and obscure, the substance of which was, briefly, that even his own exterior consciousness was unconscious of the decisions of his interior consciousness in this matter, and positively, therefore, could not communicate to any other consciousness the conclusion at which it had arrived. In this unsatisfactory state of irresolution the sublime problem of the scope and direction of the orbit of Cox still remains at the hour at which I write—3 P.M.

A Powerful "Machine."

The well known Mahommedan proverb, "Allah il Allah," etc., is now read as follows: "There is no Brom but Deacon Brom, and the Firefly is his profit." The Firefly runs night and day, and keeps one hundred men running day and night. It tires out seventeen forty-horse-power steam engines regularly every twenty-four hours. It turns out books, pamphlets, (principally "Our Pamphlet,") cards, handbills, horse-bills, politics, piety, bombshells, apple-boys who would rather die than steal, commerce, railroads, three-cent monuments, steamboats, newspapers, grindstones, cast-wheels and "spokes," in quantities too numerous to mention. It regulates the trade and navigation between Chicago and Liverpool, Japan, Kamschatka, Loo Choo, Sims's Hole, Cape Horn, Kenosha, Calcutta and Bridgeport. It directs the movements of the planets, John Wentworth and the [illegible] in the moon. It presides over the destinies of mankind and usually prevents war [illegible]

According to a correspondent of the Washington [illegible]

From Washington.

[illegible] April 30.—Commander Gillis [illegible] command of the naval [illegible] Philadelphia. [illegible]

CITY ITEMS.

For PRODUCE and MERCHANDISE Advertisements See Fourth Page.

The Papers.—Osband & Carhart have Harper for May, and all the papers and periodicals of the latest dates.

Arrest of Newsboys.—On Saturday the police arrested a lot of newsboys whom they found playing cards in the alley near the Post Office. The boys were playing for pies, cakes, etc. They were discharged with a reprimand from Justice Aiken.

Sneak Thieves Arrested.—Peter Walker, James Doyle and James Evers, notorious "sneak thieves," were arrested in a lumber yard on Saturday. Some stolen dresses were found concealed under a pile of shingles in the yard. The prisoners were fined $10 each and sent to Bridewell.

Larceny of Clothing.—Augusta Hook and Frederick Hush were arrested upon a charge of stealing two coats from the dwelling No. 28 North Clark street. Not finding anything of value in the pockets of the coats, the prisoners returned them to the owners.

Body Found.—The body of Adam Nessel, pastry cook at the Adams House, who was drowned March 29th, near the I. C. Round House, by the upsetting of a skiff, was found on Saturday, washed ashore at Clearville, and an inquest held by Coroner Hansen.

The Treasurer of the Chicago Orphan Asylum acknowledges the receipt of one hundred and sixty dollars through Alexander Loyd, Esq., it being the proceeds of the sale of a check on the late Fund Commissioners of this State for one hundred dollars deposited to Mr. Loyd by Mr. Gilman, of Belvidere, Illinois.

A Young Lady Missing.—Miss Constance F——, who came on the cars from Buffalo, on Thursday night last, and is stopping somewhere in the city, can find her father at 100 Monroe street. Her letter has been received, but unfortunately gave no address.

More Burglaries.—On Friday night the book and shoe store of Mr. J. Mullins, No. 63 Kinzie street, was entered by a burglar and robbed of $300 worth of goods. The burglar has not been arrested nor the goods found.

On the same night the room of Mr. Sellick, at the Tremont House, was entered by a burglar and a gold watch valued at $175, and a quantity of clothing carried off. The burglar is still at large.

Messrs. A. D. Williams and C. J. Stolbrand have associated themselves in the business of conveyances, procuring abstracts of titles &c., at Room No. 7, Court House, (Recorder's office.) Mr. Stolbrand is well and favorably known to all who have had business in the Recorder's office. Messrs. W. & S. refer to Wm. L. Church, A. F. C. Mueller & Samuel B. Chase.

Diocesan Visitations of Bishop Whitehouse.—The Spring Visitations of the Bishop of the Diocese of Illinois, are announced to take place as follows: [illegible]

Arrest of an Alleged Incendiary.—Patrick Welch was arrested, on Friday night, upon a charge of setting fire to a barn in the West Division. The barn had been set on fire previous to Friday night, and Capt. Kennedy detailed two officers to watch the premises. About 11 o'clock the officers found the barn on fire, and as they supposed extinguished the flames. They then hid in the barn, and soon after the prisoner came in and was arrested. He had on neither his coat nor boots, and peered into the barn very cautiously before entering it. While the officers were on the way to the lock up with Welch, the barn again caught fire and was burned. Welch was held for further examination in default of $1,000 bail.

Water and Sewerage Commissioner's Election.—To-morrow the election for a Sewerage and Water Commissioner will take place. Capt. J. D. Webster, the present incumbent is the only candidate for Sewerage Commissioner. Mr. Orrington Lunt, the present incumbent, and Mr. H. H. Bay are the candidates for Water Commissioner. This election is an important one and every citizen should vote. The places for holding the election are: [illegible]

A New Dodge.—The agents for the sale of certain sewing machines advertise to sell the machines to ministers of the gospel at half price. A day or two since a young lady from the country called upon the agent and presented a letter from her minister, requesting the agent to send him such a machine as the young lady should select. The price of the machine is $100, and the minister expected to get one for $50. During her conversation with the agent, the young lady innocently informed him that the machine was for herself, and that the writer of the letter had agreed to sell it to her for $100, the regular price. By this dodge the Reverend gentleman expected to make $50 clear; but it is hardly necessary to say that he did not succeed. The young lady paid the agent the $100 instead of the minister.

Another Lottery Swindle.—Some one who signs the firm of "Bates & Sons" no doubt fictitious, are sending circulars from Iowa City, Iowa, to different persons, urging them to purchase, and sell to neighbors, shares in a "Mutual Benefit Association." The following is a copy of one of the certificates:—

MUTUAL BENEFIT ASSOCIATION. [illegible] To be distributed on Monday, the 31st of May, 1858. N. B.—One chance to every two certificates.

We are assured by a respectable German of this city, who has been foolish enough to waste his money in trying a "share," that the whole thing is a lottery swindle. The authorities of Iowa City should arrest the "Messrs. Bates & Sons" as no doubt hundreds of persons have been robbed by the parties engaged in the affair, who, by the bye, represent themselves as agents for somebody not named in the circular. The circular sets forth that some $8,000 in money, and some $45,000 in watches and jewelry, will be distributed by lottery on the 31st of May next. The "Association" appears to have been got up upon the same plan as the "Joint Stock Company" by which so many persons were swindled in this city some years ago.

Typographical Union Convention.—The National Convention of the different Typographical Unions will be held in this city to-day. The Convention will assemble at 9 o'clock, A. M., in the hall of Bell & Sloan's Commercial College.

The delegates from the following Unions are already present, and others will arrive to-day.

New York—Lysander B. Young, Geo. W. Smith.
Boston—H. W. Harrington.
Philadelphia—R. C. Smith.
Baltimore—James Stiles.
Mobile—W. L. Kecks.
New Orleans—D. W. Roberts, Wm. R. Skellan.
Memphis—J. R. Mallee, Jas. J. Smith.
St. Louis—Wm. Cuddy, J. L. Bissinger, John W. Barefield.
Nashville—C. R. Warner, J. L. Kirby.
Buffalo—Wm. Hardie.
Syracuse, N. Y.—C. D. Wells, P. Fitch.
Detroit—M. Dempsey, U. J. Johnson.
St. Paul—J. M. Culver.
Petersburg, Va.—John H. Farquahar.
Davenport—C. Barney, Fred. Kampe.
Cincinnati—W. A. Baker.
Dubuque—E. H. Newcomb.

The following are the Chicago delegates:—A. M. Talley, G. Medairy, H. D. Adams.

On the 4th instant the Festival will take place at the Richmond House. A dinner and ball will be given.

Legal Intelligence.

Cook County Circuit Court—Judge Manierre.—Cases continued: Robinson and Benfield vs. Babcock and Wood, case; Stevens et al. vs. Mills, assumpsit; Winters et al. vs. Mills and Mills, assumpsit; Corbin et al. vs. Van Aukins et al., case; Stockman vs. Burdeal, assignee, assumpsit; Brunneman vs. McKee, appeal; Westervelt et al. vs. Gillen, case; Warriner et al. vs. Kimball and Porter, case; Sherman vs. Wyatt, attachment; Hunt vs. Stewart, assumpsit.

Dismissed at plaintiff's cost: Claflin vs. Minot and Wheeler, replevin; Marks vs. Hermann, assumpsit; Atkinson vs. Kelly, case; McClurg vs. the Racine and Mississippi Railroad Company, attachment; Taylor vs. Miller, covenant.

O'Shanessy vs. Henry, appeal from Justice Hickey. Trial by jury and verdict for the defendant.

Moor vs. Diversy, assumpsit. Demurrer to special plea overruled and leave given to withdraw [illegible] special plea.

Gallagher vs. Sellick, appeal. Jury waived and case submitted to court; judgment for plaintiff for $70 19.

Newberry et al. vs. Nicholas, assumpsit. Action on a promissory note. Trial by jury and verdict for plaintiff for $685 88.

Whipple et al. vs. Needham, appeal. Motion to strike pleas from files allowed, on ground of insufficient affidavit, and defendant asks leave to file a new affidavit.

Connor vs. McLane, replevin. Default, retorno habendo, and one cent damages.

Joliet and Chicago Railroad Company vs. John Barrows, appeal. Motion to dismiss certiorari overruled, and leave given to defendant to amend bond. Ruling of court excepted to by plaintiff. Case set for Thursday, May 13.

Stevens vs. Shufeldt, assumpsit. Motion to set aside default, on affidavit, and for order upon Sheriff of Lake county to suspend proceedings until further order of court, overruled. Damages assessed at $380 98.

Goldsmith et al. vs. Moore et al, debt. Motion to set aside judgment overruled.

Williams vs. Haferkamp, appeal. Tried by Jury, and verdict for plaintiff for $66.

Ray, Medill, Wright, Webster, Cowles and Peck vs. Creisey, appeal. Tried by court; judgment for plaintiffs for $19 31.

Higgins vs. Newton and Devine, replevin. Judgment by default, retorno habendo and nominal damages.

Shean vs. Quinlan, appeal. Tried by Jury; verdict for plaintiff $40.

Chancery.—Henry Stupp vs. David Stupp et al. bill for partition. Master's report filed, confirmed, and decree awarded.

Ruth Dutton vs. Wm. P. Dutton, bill for divorce. Proof given of publication, default taken and referred to Master.

Rachel Huntington vs. Erasmus D. Huntington, bill for divorce. Master's report filed and confirmed, and decree ordered.

Obituary.—The Late Rev. Dudley A. Tyng.—A meeting of the clergy of the P. E. Church of Chicago, being held in Trinity Church, on the 30th of April, for the purpose of expressing their feelings in reference to the death of Rev. Dudley A. Tyng, the Rev. R. H. Clarkson, D.D., was called to the Chair, and the Rev. H. N. Bishop was appointed Secretary. The Rev. John W. Clark, Rev. N. H. Schenk, and Rev. H. H. Morrell were appointed to draft resolutions, and reported the following, which were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, In the mysterious dispensations of Providence, we are called to mourn the death of our beloved brother in the Ministry, the Rev. Dudley A. Tyng—therefore

Resolved, That we acknowledge the hand of God in this sad event, which has cast so deep a shadow over our hearts, in calling to his reward so earnest and faithful a laborer in his Master's cause, and we would learn the solemn lesson therein taught, to be also ready when the Master shall call us.

Resolved, That we deeply sympathise with the father of the deceased, the Rev. Dr. Tyng, and pray that he may be strengthened from above in this, his sore affliction.

Resolved, That we also tender our heartfelt sympathies to the family, friends, Church and congregation of the deceased in their sad bereavement.

Resolved, That a copy of these resolutions be sent to the family and the congregation of the deceased, and that the papers of Chicago, Philadelphia, New York and Cincinnati be requested to publish them.

R. H. Clarkson, Chairman.
H. N. Bishop, Secretary.

The Matteson House—Change of Proprietors.—The Matteson House has undergone a change of proprietors—Messrs. Stevens & Willard retiring, and Messrs. Bissell & Goodrich, well known to the traveling public both here and at the East, taking their places. The new proprietors inaugurated themselves in the esteem of our citizens, by a grand opening dinner, on Saturday afternoon. The bill of fare was a prodigy in gastronomy. The speeches and toasts were generally in good taste and productive of conviviality, but we think Mr. Blackwell's harangue on the early history of Illinois, ought not to have come in between the soup and the canvas backs. His three other speeches were in better place.

The Matteson House has long been distinguished as one of our comfortable hotels. Making no pretensions to grandeur and glitter it has won a high reputation for the more solid excellencies which the traveler knows how to appreciate. We believe it will lose nothing in this respect by the accession of Messrs. Bissell & Goodrich.

Examination of Alleged Pickpockets.—On Saturday afternoon Goldsmith alias Rosenbaum and Williams alias Carpenter, were brought before Justice Aiken to answer to a charge of picking pockets. Mrs. Palmer, of 80 North Clark street testified that her pocket was picked at the Young Folks' Concert on Thursday evening; that a portmonie containing a double eagle, (new coinage,) two $1 bill, one $2 bill, one $5 bill and some change was taken from it. She described the money very particularly, and on being shown the money found on the prisoners, she identified the $5 bill and the gold piece, among the lot as hers. The bill was on the American Exchange Bank.

Mr. Pinkerton testified in regard to his watching the prisoners in the "Leviathan Saloon," Monroe street, from the top of a tree by the sidewalk. They were at a table counting money. The keeper of the saloon named Scofield, was with them, and assisted in the counting.

Scofield, the saloon keeper, was taken into custody to answer to a charge of being an accomplice of the other prisoners. When arrested he said that Goldsmith and Williams had spent some silver at his saloon for drinks, but a couple of one dollar bills were found upon his person which Mrs. Palmer fully identified as having been stolen from her.

The case was continued until to-morrow afternoon to obtain the testimony of Mrs. John H. Kinzie, who identified a $5 bill, found upon Williams as one stolen from her at the "Young Folk's" Concert. The pickpockets were committed in default of $1000 bail each, and Scofield in default of $500 bail.

The Matteson House—The Old and New Proprietors.—On Friday last the old proprietors of the Matteson House, Messrs. Stevens & Willard, retired from the conduct of the establishment; on which occasion the boarders got up, at noon, a sort of impromptu meeting, at which J. G. Lombard, Esq., presided. The following resolutions were passed: [illegible]

Rev. W. W. King responded in behalf of the proprietors in a graceful and neat address. A number of speeches were made by well known citizens, appropriate toasts given, and the participants enjoyed themselves to the fullest extent.

Carrier Wanted.—An active, intelligent [illegible]

[illegible] H. C. Burtman & Co., of Buffalo, [illegible]

Singer's Sewing Machines.—Manufacturers [illegible]

Wood's Restorative.—Of all the restoratives [illegible]

Who would not be Cured?—There is probably no disease [illegible]

N. B.—Dr. Tilton has not, nor ever had, any connection whatever with a person calling himself Dr. Gilbert, on State street. He has no agent or [illegible]

MARRIED.

[illegible]

DIED.

[illegible]

BY TELEGRAPH.

Later from Europe.

New York, May 1.—The Borussia brings London dates to the afternoon of the 17th.

The Fulton arrived at Southampton on Saturday evening.

Bernard's trial closed Saturday P.M. The jury after one hour's consultation pronounced him not guilty.

Consols firmer, closing Saturday at 96 9-16a96 11-16 for account.

The affairs between Turkey and Montenegro have become so alarming that the Russian Charge at Vienna had announced that Russia is concentrating troops on the frontier to provide for contingencies.

The steamship Arago sailed at noon for Southampton and Havre, with 465 passengers and $6,000 in specie.

The steamship Saxonia, also sailed to-day for Southampton and Hamburg. She took out 490 passengers.

The steamship New York arrived this A.M. from Glasgow, April 14th.

The public sale of teas was largely attended and passed off with spirit and full prices. Part of the green was withdrawn; Young Hysons brought 23½a50½; Hyson 27a31; Gunpowder 24a60; Imperial 30a53; Imperial Twankay 30½; Hyson Skin 24a30½; Twankay 22a27; Oolongs 30a47½; the latter very common.

Later from South America.

New York, May 1.—Advices are received from Caracas to the 14th of April. The country was quiet, and the provisional government were carrying out with vigor the various measures of reform.

Senor Rodrigue had been appointed Minister Plenipotentiary to the Government of Europe.

General Castro, Provisional President, had invited leading exiles to return home, and appointed a special commissioner to wait upon Gen. Paez in this city, and accompany him on his return.

Lecompton.

Detroit, May 1.—The friends of the Administration are rejoicing over the success of Lecompton. Thirty-two guns were fired to-day.

Announcements.

ELECTION NOTICE.—THE UNDERSIGNED [illegible]

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE [illegible]

ELECTION NOTICE.—I AM A CANDIDATE for re-election to the office of WATER COM[illegible]

Sales by Auction.

GRUBB & GILBERT, GENERAL AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 86 Lake Street, [illegible]

JOHN RANKIN, General Auction and Commission Merchant, IMPORTER, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL [illegible] RANDOLPH STREET, CHICAGO, ILL. [illegible]

WAREHOUSE SALE. THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED GOODS [illegible] on Wednesday, May 5th, [illegible]

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS. Hungarian Grass Seed. THE FIRST OF THIS GRASS KNOWN in the United States was brought to Monroe county, Iowa, [illegible]

Established in 1836. JOHN LADEN, 190 Washington, near Fulton Street, NEW YORK CITY. WHOLESALE DEALER AND MANUFACTURER of all kinds of Wood, Willow and Painted Ware, Ropes, Twine, Brushes, Cordage, Brooms, &c. CHEAP FOR CASH. [illegible]

REYNOLDS, ELY & CO. 20 S. Water Street, Chicago. INVITE THE ATTENTION OF THE Trade to their Large Stock of Groceries. [illegible] AT LOW PRICES.

To-Day's Advertisem'ts.

WESTERN IOWA LAND AGENCY.—J. E. FIELD, General Land and Collecting Agent, [illegible]

LUBIN'S PERFUMERY—A NEW LOT [illegible] SARGENT & ILSLEY, Apothecaries, 145 Lake st.

LUBIN'S TOILET POWDER.—A NEW lot just received by SARGENT & ILSLEY, Apothecaries, 145 Lake street.

LUBIN'S TOILET SOAPS.—A GOOD assortment at SARGENT & ILSLEY'S, Apothecaries, 145 Lake st.

VIRGIN OIL OF BUTI, OR CHOICEST SALAD OIL—[illegible] SARGENT & ILSLEY, Apothecaries, 145 Lake street.

GUM ELASTIC SYRINGES.—JUST RECEIVED a new lot, comprising the best styles now in use, among which is a small size easily put up in pocket, especially adapted for travelers. SARGENT & ILSLEY, Apothecaries, 145 Lake street.

BUG POISON.—LYON'S MAGNETIC POWDER, &c., [illegible] SARGENT & ILSLEY, Apothecaries, 145 Lake street.

A. C. OERTEL, REAL ESTATE AND LOAN BROKER, [illegible] South Clark st., Chicago, Ill.

WILLMANNS & STALBRAND, CONVEYANCERS, ABSTRACT OF TITLES, &c., Court House, No. 7, (Recorder's Office) [illegible]

Flour, Sugar and Provisions. STORAGE CAN BE HAD AT REASONABLE RATES, [illegible] R. CARPENTER.

Office of the Galena & Chicago U. R.R. Co., Chicago, May 3, 1858. NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.—NOTICE is hereby given [illegible] W. M. LARRABEE, Secretary.

For Superior—On Time Again. THE SPLENDID UPPER CABIN, LOW Pressure Steamer Lady Elgin, [illegible] A. T. SPENCER & CO.

BUILDING AT AUCTION, With Privilege of Ground. ON WEDNESDAY, MAY 5, AT 11 A. M., will be sold on the premises, to the highest bidder, the building No. 141 [illegible] Auctioneer.

WHITE BROTHERS, BANKERS, HAVE REMOVED TO THE OFFICE formerly occupied by [illegible] corner of Randolph and LaSalle sts.

WILLIAMS & MERRELL, REAL ESTATE AGENTS, NOTE AND BILL BROKERS, No. 43 South Clark Street, Chicago. [illegible]

Billiard Tables and Fixtures AT AUCTION. H. CHAPMAN & CO. WILL SELL AT AUCTION, on [illegible]

Furniture and Sundries, AT AUCTION. H. CHAPMAN & CO. WILL SELL AT AUCTION, on Tuesday, May 4th, [illegible]

BY GRUBB & GILBERT. HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, CARPETS, &C., AT AUCTION.—This MONDAY morning, [illegible] GRUBB & GILBERT, Auctioneers, 86 Lake street.

MORTGAGE SALE. WHEREAS JOHN FRASER AND ELIZABETH FRASER (his wife), [illegible] GEORGE K. SPRINGER, Mortgagee.

PICKLES AND CATSUPS—THE MOST complete assortment in Chicago, [illegible]

100 BBLS. BLEACHED WINTER ELEPHANT OIL, for sale by SAWYER, PAYSON & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 75 Lake street.

Amusements.

McVICKER'S New Chicago Theatre, [illegible] MR. COULDOCK. [illegible] Prices of Admission: [illegible]

North's National Theatre. Monroe Street, bet. Clark & Wells. [illegible] MISS MAGGIE MITCHELL [illegible]

HAYDN'S Oratorio of the Creation, WILL BE PERFORMED AT METROPOLITAN HALL, Tuesday Evening, May 11th, BY THE CHICAGO MUSICAL UNION, Supported by a powerful Orchestra. [illegible]

BALLAD CONCERT, COMPLIMENTARY TO MR. JAMES F. [illegible], Wednesday Evening, May 5th, AT MECHANICS' INSTITUTE NEW HALL, [illegible]

CHICAGO MUSICAL INSTITUTE. THE NEXT, AND ONLY TERM OF THIS Institute for 1858, Commences May 17th, [illegible]

Light Guard Hall. SITUATED ON THE CORNER OF RANDOLPH and STATE STREETS, is the Largest and Most Convenient Hall [illegible]

BAGS! BAGS! BAGS! ASHARD'S CHICAGO BAG MANUFACTORY. [illegible] CHASE & CO, CHICAGO BAG AGENTS, 14 South Water Street. [illegible] BAGS AND SACKS. SEAMLESS, FLOUR, OSNABURG, CORN MEAL, COFFEE, BUCKWHEAT, HAM, SALT, SPICE, GROCERS', SEED. [illegible] Lowest Market Prices. [illegible] Fifteen Thousand per Day [illegible] A BETTER MADE SACK, OR OF BETTER MATERIAL, [illegible] Slight Advance over Eastern Prices. [illegible]

To Millers, Flour, Produce and Grain Dealers, Grocers, &c. [illegible] CHICAGO BAG AGENCY, 14 South Water St., Chicago. G. W. ASHARD.

American Genius Triumphant! ATWATER'S $15 Sewing Machine, AWARDED THE FIRST PREMIUM AT the New York State Fair, [illegible]

A CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY! $15 SEWING MACHINES. [illegible] NEW PATENT. State and County Rights for Sale. PURCHASERS OF COUNTY RIGHTS [illegible]

Medicines, &c.

THE UNFORTUNATE'S GUIDE GIVING [illegible]

MEDICAL INFIRMARY, 85 RANDOLPH STREET, 85 Opposite the Revere Hotel. TO YOUNG MEN AND OTHERS.—NERVOUS [illegible]

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR! Prepared by Dr. Sanford, IS A GREAT SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL discovery, [illegible] SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR! [illegible] All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor. [illegible] Price, One Dollar per Bottle. SANFORD & CO., Proprietors, [illegible] Broadway, New York. [illegible]

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES, BOSTON. These Cough and Voice Lozenges [illegible] PUBLIC SPEAKERS AND SINGERS [illegible]

PROF. HASKELL'S ELECTRIC OIL. A POSITIVE AND SPEEDY CURE FOR Rheumatism and Neuralgia, DEAFNESS, ERYSIPELAS, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Tetter, Ringworm and SCALD HEAD, NERVOUS AND SICK HEAD-ACHES CURED IN FROM 5 TO 20 MINUTES! CORNS, PILES, TOOTH-ACHE, CHRONIC [illegible] Prices 50c, $1 and $2 per Bottle. [illegible] THIS WONDERFUL OIL [illegible]

WHOLESALE DEALER IN TROUT AND [illegible]

REMOVAL. GRUBB & GILBERT, AUCTIONEERS, [illegible] No. 86 Lake Street, [illegible]

Wanted.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PRACTICAL ENGINEER [illegible]

INFORMATION WANTED—OF THE [illegible]

WANTED—BY THREE YOUNG GENTLEMEN [illegible]

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A STOCK OF HARDWARE. [illegible]

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SALESMAN [illegible]

WANTED—BOARD IN A GOOD neighborhood [illegible]

WANTED—A PARTNER—AN ACTIVE [illegible]

WANTED—$2,000 OR 2,500, FOR FROM [illegible]

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN WITH A small cash capital [illegible]

Board and Boarding.

92 ADAMS STREET.—TWO SINGLE gentlemen can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and board [illegible]

144 WASHINGTON STREET.—TWO pleasant and spacious rooms [illegible]

174 MADISON STREET.—BOARD, with pleasant rooms [illegible]

57 MICHIGAN AVENUE.—BOARD AND Rooms at 57 Michigan Avenue, at reduced prices. [illegible]

280 STATE STREET—BOARDING.—[illegible]

To Let or Lease.

FOR RENT—A TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE, [illegible]

FOR RENT—OFFICES IN THE BUILDING [illegible]

FOR RENT—VERY COMFORTABLE Dwellings [illegible]

FOR RENT—A FIRST CLASS PRIVATE [illegible]

FOR RENT—FIVE FIRST CLASS TWO [illegible]

$200—275—350.—TO RENT, AT 112 [illegible]

FOR RENT—LUMBER YARDS AND DOCKS, STORES AND HOUSES. [illegible] R. A. & J. M. WILLIAMS.

TO RENT—DWELLING HOUSE, CONTAINING [illegible]

500 DWELLINGS AND FIFTY GOOD STORES [illegible] H. BURTON, House & Real Estate Agent.

FOR RENT OR SALE—ON VERY REASONABLE TERMS—[illegible]

TO RENT—A TWO-STORY HOUSE, SITUATED [illegible]

TO LET—A VERY DESIRABLE LUMBER YARD to let. [illegible]

TO RENT—ELEGANT ROOMS, 24X140 [illegible]

FOR RENT—FROM FIRST OF MAY—A [illegible]

FOR RENT—A ROOM 38x68 FEET, with Steam Power, [illegible] H. WITBECK & CO.

HOTEL FOR RENT.—I PROPOSE TO sell or rent the City Hotel, [illegible] L. D. SMITH.

Particular Notices.

DRAFTS ON ENGLAND, GERMANY and FRANCE, for sale in sums to suit by [illegible] Bankers, 14 Dearborn st., near P. O.

PAINT SHOP FOR SALE—A RARE chance [illegible]

LOST—TWO PROMISSORY NOTES, [illegible]

PEWS FOR SALE—PEW NO. 46 IN THE Unitarian Church, [illegible]

FOR SALE CHEAP, AND ON CREDIT—[illegible]

FOR SALE—THE FURNITURE OF A [illegible]

$5000 TO $10,000—BARGAIN!—[illegible]

PINE SHINGLE BOLTS—TO LUMBER MERCHANTS AND OTHERS.—[illegible]

NIGHT CARTS.—PRIVY CLEANING will be done [illegible]

NOTICE.—WILLIAM D. CASSIN HAS this day been admitted a member of our firm. [illegible]

POSTPONEMENT.—THE OPENING OF [illegible]

NOTICE. JULIUS COOK ANNOUNCES THAT HE [illegible]

DAILY TRIBUNE.
NO. 51, SOUTH CLARK STREET.
CITY OF CHICAGO.
Monday Morning..........May 3, 1858.

What Will the People of Kansas Do?

The courage and endurance of the people of Kansas, under the wrongs and outrages heaped upon them by the Pierce and Buchanan Administrations, and by the Ruffians who have trampled their rights under their feet, have been severely tried; but no friend of the Free State cause has ever had occasion to doubt their truth, and devotion. Will they now, after having so successfully resisted repeated invasions of their marauding neighbors, the hostility of two successive dynasties, and the flagrant abuse and misrepresentation of the Democratic party, yield to the bribe or fear the threat contained in the English bill which waits but the signature of the President to become a law? Their previous history forbids the supposition. We are confident that they will indignantly spurn those who approach them with the price of treason in their hands, and that they will deal with the beggars who threaten, as they have dealt with them before. Their friends expect this at their hands; one disappointment now will scatter to the winds the reputation for patriotism worthy of their New England ancestry, which they have achieved in times past. Let them plant themselves once more in the breach, and the victory is surely theirs.

The Free State men of the Territory know their own danger and the means by which it may be warded off. But we tell them now, that the change in Mr. Crittenden's amendment to the original bill, to which English was persuaded, whereby the control over the election is given over to the same men who have forced the naked Lecompton iniquity upon them, is too significant of contemplated frauds to be unnoticed. Let them be warned in time. The Board of Commissioners named by the amendment as it passed the House was fairly constituted, and an exact balance between the contending parties was preserved. The Speaker of the Legislature and the President of the Council, both ardent and reliable Free State men, would have been a sufficient check upon whatever fraudulent intentions the Governor and Secretary might have indulged. They constituted the Commission as it stood, before this rubbish-rig of English was devised. But the addition of Weir, one of the most notorious of the Ruffians who have made Kansas a little hell for four years past, puts it in the power of the President and his party to repeat the shameless frauds by which the Free State men have been overwhelmed. We do not assert that such frauds will be attempted, or that Gov. Denver could be made a party to any scoundrelism like that fostered and encouraged by Shannon; but the history of Kansas is full of evidences of the perfidy of her Federal officials; and if our friends, now, when they must vote, prepared at once for resolution, permit themselves to be driven away from the polls by imported voters from Missouri—to be swindled in the counting of the ballots, or by amended or supplementary returns—they must not complain, or ask for sympathy from abroad. It is manifestly their duty to protect themselves. Let them go at the work like men having rights to defend and the courage to defend them!

Things Proved by the Passage of the English Bill.

1. That a State Constitution framed in violation of the expressed wishes of the people for whom it is to serve as the fundamental law, by a miserable, factious, dishonest minority, and for the express and avowed purpose of establishing Slavery, which is hateful to nine-tenths of those among whom it is to be maintained, can be forced through Congress by the sting of the party lash and the power of Executive corruption, in defiance of the remonstrances of that people, almost unanimously expressed at the polls—in defiance of the ablest and most popular leaders of the Democratic party—in defiance of the wishes of the masses of that party wherever expressed, and at the expense of Justice and Humanity which are the foundations on which all good government rests.

2. That, in the opinion of the Congress of the United States, containing in both branches a majority of "Democrats," 40,000 men, who are willing to suffer it to live in contact with Slavery are equal to 93,000 who desire Freedom as the basis of their institutions.

3. That in this Republic Right and Justice are nothing as compared with partizan policy and Executive dictation.

4. That a revolution in the affairs of the nation must occur, whereby the old ideas of Equality and Freedom will be restored, or the liberties of the people are at an end.

We beg our readers to ponder on these things, with a view to another effort which must be made to save our country, our institutions and ourselves from the tyranny with which all are threatened.

Dred Scott in Practice.

We recently printed the official letter of Gen. Cass, affirming that a black man, being no citizen of the United States, must be denied by the State Department the Passport, without which he cannot travel on the continent of Europe. By the following official manifestoes it will be seen that a negro, on the same grounds, is denied the privilege of pre-empting a quarter section of the public lands, and that of commanding an American merchant vessel, even though his own. Happily, the privilege of drawing his own breath is not yet officially denied him:

General Land Office, April 12, 1858.
Hon. Owen Lovejoy, House of Representatives.
Sir: I have received your letter of the 30th [illegible]
Very respectfully, your ob't serv't,
Thomas A. Hendricks, Commissioner.

Treasury Department, April 22, 1858.
Sir: [illegible] By reference to the Registry act, approved Dec. 31, 1792, and the Coasting act, approved Feb. 18, 1793, [illegible] and that the master of such vessel must be a citizen of the United States.
Very respectfully, your ob't serv't,
Howell Cobb, Secretary of the Treasury.
Hon. Owen Lovejoy, House of Representatives.

Island of Perim—Trouble Brewing.

[illegible]

Rock Island.

A despatch to the New York Herald, dated Washington, April 28th, says that the land upon which the Rock Island bridge is built, and which was advertised for sale by the Land Department [illegible]

Mr. English's Bill and the People of Kansas.

The worst features of the English-Lecompton bill are the provisions for conducting the election provided to be held for or against the land grant ordinance—and provisionally for or against the constitution itself. The other objectionable clauses, to wit: the limit of 5,500,000 acres of the public domain, and the fencing-out section whereby it is desired that Kansas shall not come into the Union until her population entitles her to one Representative in Congress according to federal apportionment, are more in the nature of a blunder than a crime. Kansas will get the land ultimately, even if she refuses it now, and the notion that the present Congress can prescribe a rule in reference to her admission for any future Congress, is simply absurd. The discrimination too, which is made by the English contrivance, against free States and in favor of slave States, is an insult which the North can put up with easier than if it was the first one of the kind on the statute books. But the constitution of the Board of Canvassers of election returns, and the revival of the bogus laws, and the reinstatement of the felon sheriffs and judges are serious and dangerous proceedings. If they do not bring on civil conflict in the Territory and end in the subjugation or extermination of one party or the other, it will be from no lack of agencies calculated to induce that result, in the bill itself. In the first place, a majority of the canvassers is given to the President as the head of the pro-slavery interest. If there were three John Calhouns in the United States, and they dared to show their heads in Kansas, they would be promoted to these places instanter. If there is any likelihood that Gov. Denver will refuse to do his share of the cheating in the count of votes, his head will go the way of half a dozen other gubernatorial heads in that Golgotha of Democracy. We may rely on having "salamanders" this time. The two Free State canvassers will be overruled at all points, and every attempt to investigate such scoundrelisms as those of Oxford, Kickapoo, Shawnee, Delaware Crossing and Calhoun's wood-pile and candle-box, will be promptly stifled by their three black-leg associates.

But the intended knavery is deeper than this. The perpetrators of all the clumsy frauds and most of the hideous crimes in the previous history of Kansas, are, or may be, through the same machinery, restored to their old positions, and thus impliedly invited to repeat their infamies. The English bill confers upon a majority of the Board of Canvassers all the minor appointments—the Judges and Clerks of Election. The Federal Governor, Attorney and Secretary who constitute such majority, will, of course, place the original wretches in power. What things they will be capable of now may be judged from what they have been capable of heretofore. If the people of Kansas, and the Providence which looks after villains, allow these men to perform the work they are appointed to do, Kansas will be in the Union a slave State before another session of Congress—long before the people of the United States can countermand the rascality at the polls.

But our reliance is on the wisdom, the devotion and the undaunted courage of the Free State men. They have already had cause for a dozen revolutions. They have forborne, in the hope of peaceful remedies, until forbearance has become both disgraceful and intolerable. We do not believe they will suffer the consummation of another election theft on their soil, if powder and ball will prevent it. These are the only remedies, we know of, any way equal to the emergency, and if they are necessary to the preservation of the rights of American citizenship in Kansas, we trust they may be used without stint or qualification.

From Kansas.

More Difficulties at Fort Scott—Collision between the Free State Men and the U. S. Troops under Brockett and Little—One Soldier Killed—The Troops Retreat to the Fort.

[Special Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.]
Lawrence, April 2?, 1858.

A letter was written several weeks ago by a gentleman in Fort Scott, that has not yet been made public. It has some bearing upon more recent events in Bourbon County, and, therefore, I make the following extracts:

Fort Scott, April 2, 1858.
Dr. Jno. P. Wood—Dear Sir:—We are having great disturbance here. Indeed, the whole country is aroused. * * * I wish you would try and catch up some of those muskets that Shannon has. We have about thirty boys that would pay them [meaning Free-State men] back in their own coin. I will see that you are paid when the boys make enough to pay, which they can soon do if they have arms. Send up at least thirty muskets. We will even buy them, for I know the boys can soon make it, and they are good and can be trusted. Send some boys, too, if you can raise them. We will give them good quarters and warrant them a horse apiece when the war is over, which I think will last some time. And can you not send us a cannon? one of those that were taken at Lawrence will do. Send quick, for we need help. Yours, in haste,
James Blood.
P. S.—Send up the arms quick. Hire a wagon, and I will pay the freight. J. B.

This Dr. Wood, to whom it is addressed, is already associated by the public with Clark, as one of the murderers of Barber, and has been otherwise creditably distinguished by being one of Buchanan's U. S. Commissioners. The signature to the letter is fictitious, and was probably written by the murderer Brockett. All this proves that the pro-slavery party are no less than a band of organized freebooters, who intend to have the trade "pay," and that they even expect the territorial arms to support their infamous work. But they failed to get the arms this time, for the bearer of the letter to Lecompton was so unfortunate as to get his pockets picked on the way, and this letter was thus obtained, so we are credibly informed.

Since that time, what has transpired is already before the public, excepting the events of the last week. Last Wednesday, a party of from fifteen to twenty, supposed to be Free State men, well armed and mounted, rode into the neighborhood of Mr. Painter, a Pro-Slavery man on the Marmaton, and ordered him to leave. No personal violence was offered, however, to any of the settlers. These men, who were thus visited, had been engaged in the outrages committed on Free-State men [illegible], and the probable determination is to clear the last remnant of them out of that county. As would naturally be anticipated, these pro-slavery men sent early notice to Fort Scott, about eight miles distant, for assistance. About one o'clock in the afternoon the notorious Dr. Blake Little, with about twenty-five dragoons, came in sight of the first party. Not seeking a collision with the army of our Government, they retreated, and undertook to evade them, but the troops gave chase, and a race of several miles followed. At length, the free State men halted and formed a line, and ordered their pursuers to "halt," but the order was not regarded. The order was repeated, with the admonition of what the consequences would be if they persisted. The Marshal lodged behind the troops and they pressed on, when the free State men fired a full round upon them, making general havoc in their ranks. One soldier was killed, and several others wounded, including the captain. The captain's horse was killed, as were three or four others. [illegible]

My informant states that all has been quiet until he left on Friday, and all friends generally believe that the war is over. [illegible] He will not be likely to venture beyond the shadow of the Fort again at present, for it was his life that was sought, and that of the notorious Brockett.

Our County Convention will be held here to-day to nominate Delegates to the State Convention at Topeka next Wednesday. [illegible]
Vero.

From Washington.

The Proposed Government Loan implicitly admitted by the Organ—Lecompton Struggling—The English Fraud Dissected—Wade's Speech—The Speculations of Bright, English and Foley.

[Correspondence of the Chicago Tribune.]
Washington, April 28, 1858.

The Union contradicts the statement that the President designs applying for a loan of fifty millions of dollars ($30,000,000 in stocks and $20,000,000 treasury notes funded,) very much in the same manner that Mrs. Cinder denied the story that Miss Letitia Piper had the night before been brought to bed of a fine boy and girl. It appears from the Union's revelations that there are only $8,000,000 of Treasury notes outstanding, the Secretary having been compelled to redeem $3,000,000 of those issued. As they are shin-plasters which have not the perfect confidence of anybody, it is difficult to keep them in circulation. They are like the I. O. U.'s of a doubtful bank, easy enough to issue, but impossible to be kept out. As to the loan, the Union virtually admits that though the Secretary of the Treasury has not yet asked for authority to contract one, it is only because he is not ready to do it, being busily engaged in preparations necessary to back his application. The revenue is increasing, but very moderately, and unless the Secretary finds some way to stop this chronic "consumption of the purse," he will go to the dogs along with the illustrious financiers of the Van Buren and Tyler dis-asters. Mr. Cobb may be a Sully or a Colbert in genius, but he is the opposite of Midas. That financier turned everything he touched to gold. Cobb transforms all he can lay his hands upon to paper. His first performance in that line is worthy of Wyman or Anderson. He commenced a year ago with twenty-six millions of gold and silver, which by his alchemy he has turned into pictures of oil and lamp-black, stamped with his own image and superscription.

The inconsistent result of the Illinois Convention and the obvious falling away of his followers, have not dampened the ardor, or humbled the spirit of your spunky Senator. He opposed the half and half gruel of the English bill, with its infusion of border ruffian hyssop, with as much zeal as he did the more impudent villainy of naked Lecomptonism. There were some sharp and spicy passages between him and Toombs on Monday. Yesterday Mr. Crittenden made one of his best speeches in opposition to the English scheme, although he said it contained a formal assertion of the doctrine of the right of the people to vote on the Constitution, but he objected that it was not carried out in an honest and manly way. Green and Hunter strongly combatted the idea of submission. There was nothing like it in the bill. Hunter was particularly audacious in his sophistry. He said that the people of Kansas had formed an ordinance to go with their Constitution, and Congress having altered that ordinance, referred the alterations back to the authors of the instrument for their approval or rejection. The gross inconsistency and recklessness of this pretext, will be seen from these facts. The ordinance which the Lecompton Convention sent here, was wholly superseded by the bill which was passed by the votes of Hunter and his friends, which bill forced the so called Constitution on the people without so much as alluding to the ordinance. In the one case, therefore, the ordinance could be totally destroyed without saying by your leave; but, when pushed for a pretext for a political trick, the propagandists are so sensitive and tenacious of popular rights that they will not cross an i nor dot a t in this same ordinance without license first had and obtained.

The truth of the matter is, that the African Labor party do in this case nominally propose to submit the Lecompton Constitution to a popular vote. That is clear. They state the question in such a way that a negative vote on the land grant will effectually and forever crush and repudiate the Lecompton Constitution; but they surround the submission with such manifest preparations for fraud, violence and outrage as to make it certain that they do not intend to allow the people of Kansas to vote at all, or if that cannot be prevented, to cheat them out of their votes by false returns and by the overwhelming power of the hordes of ruffians to be introduced from Missouri for that occasion. They have fixed a trap in which to catch Members of Congress, and afterwards to re-enact the scenes of March 30th, 1855, and the crimes of later dates, which even Mr. Buchanan pronounced "detestable."

English's bill is undoubtedly the most fraudulent measure presented to Congress since the Kansas Nebraska bill of 1854, the parent of these troubles. It institutes a pretended election, at which the people are to be allowed to vote only by the side of an army of imported Ruffians. It suppresses the laws of the Territory, as enacted by the last Legislature, whose legality has never been disputed, and revives those scandalous decrees of false and usurping Legislative assemblies which have been repealed. It thus removes all restraints from illegal voting and in fact invites it. By declaring that the qualifications for voters shall be the same as at the last October election, it provides for, and indirectly recommends the same wicked and indecent outrages upon the suffrage which were defeated by the honesty of Walker and Stanton last fall. It constitutes a Board of Election composed of Pro-Slavery partisans whom the people are known to detest. It gives that Board power to set aside all sheriffs and other local officers appointed by the present Legislature or the people, and responsible to them, and to place the whole machinery of election in the hands of men imported on that day into the Territory for the purpose of stifling any real expression of the popular voice.

Such are the conditions of this submission. They will be fully developed in debate, for the day has gone by when the Democracy can suppress discussion on these points [illegible] upon the North. Many Southern men in the House are committed against the previous question, and the scheme cannot stand criticism either from a Northern or Southern point of examination.

The speech of Judge Wade yesterday was a scorching philippic against the Northern deserters of popular rights. He denounced them as premeditated traitors, as hucksters and traffickers from the beginning. Many of them were in the Senate and saw their pictures taken. They were a sorry flock. Never was sheepishness more powerfully depicted on the human countenance than on their faces as they looked from Wade upon one another.

The corrupt partiality shown to Bright, English and Foley by giving them the refusal to [illegible] thousand acres of land in Iowa, while crowds of settlers stood by, waiting at the Land Office to enter their homes, has excited great and just indignation. These men, while secretly supporting the Administration in its policy for the subjugation of Kansas, had warrants for that quantity of land entered for them by the Department, while they remained here in Washington. They were enabled to do this by the perversion of a law intended to benefit and protect the grantee of a land warrant, and not the speculator. It was intended that when the poor soldier received his warrant he should not be compelled to go himself, at an expense greater than the value of the warrant, to enter it, but that the Land Office should do it for him. But here are three privileged official speculators, a Senator and two members of Congress, who monopolize the whole time of a Land Office for a fortnight, and have the selling of the lands throughout the district, as a reward for their votes upon a corrupt and corrupting measure. Let the constituents of these men regard the transaction.
Junius.

[Special Dispatch to the N. Y. Times.]
Washington, April 28.

Evidences have appeared of a combined and determined effort to drive Governor Floyd out of the Cabinet, to which end everything possible is to be done to embarrass and break down his administration of the War Department. This secret explains the opposition to the Deficiency bill exhibited by Democratic Senators—the motive being, not hostility to the bill, but to Secretary Floyd. Slidell and Bright are prominent actors in this movement, which also embraces others of equal note.

Another large speculation in land sold to Government for war purposes, has been discovered. The Secretary of War contracted with parties for the purchase of a site for a fort at Lime Point, opposite the Gate of San Francisco, for two hundred thousand dollars, to be paid as soon as they could show a clear title, which the District-Attorney is now examining. The land purchased, it is said, would not sell for *five hundred dollars.*

Arrest of the Officers of the Ocean Spray.

Capt. Marsh, in command of the steamer Ocean Spray, at the time that vessel was destroyed by fire, last week; the second engineer and the mate of that vessel are now under arrest on a charge of manslaughter. On the complaint of Maj. Bryant, U. S. Marshal for this District, a warrant was issued, and all three of these officers arrested. The Captain and second engineer were arrested in this city. The mate left this city on Monday last, and a Deputy Marshal was promptly started in pursuit of him; a capias was endorsed upon the warrant by the United States Commissioner at Springfield, and under their authority he was brought here by Deputy Marshal Douglass.

The examination was commenced before United States Commissioner B. F. Hickman and is progressing. It will be continued from day to day until concluded, and all the facts will, no doubt, be elicited.—*St. Louis Republican.*

A Nut for the Chinamen Professors.—Ar Showe, the Chinese tea dealer in Boston, tells the Courier that he wrote a letter in Chinese to his dead father, and took it to Mansfield, the writing medium; that he (Ar Showe) kept the letter in his own hands [illegible] Mansfield, when to his astonishment, saw Mansfield write in good Chinese a reply to his letter, in which the various matters in it were duly answered, and the statement made that his mother was dead, of which he had not heard. His father found fault with him for not writing Chinese as well as he did, a nine years' residence in this country having impaired his style. Mr. Ar Showe confesses himself puzzled, no Chinese conjuring he had ever seen coming near this.

Steamer J. D. Early Burned.—At about 10 o'clock, on Wednesday night, the steamer J. D. Early, laid up at Alton, caught fire and was burned to the water's edge in a few minutes. The boat was lying tied up to the shore, out of the way of other destructible property, and the fire did no other damage. The J. D. Early was an old boat [illegible] and insured for $5,000. The Early had been trading between New Orleans, Alton, and the Illinois river. She had been laid up to await a revival of business, only a day or two since. [illegible]

The Financial Prospects.

(From the New York Herald, 28th.)

The banks of this city now hold nearly thirty-six millions in specie. There is no prospect of any such revival in foreign exchanges as would justify the renewal of shipments of specie to Europe before the fall; and it is more than likely that the shipments will be very light for the whole of the coming twelve months. We are taking so little in the way of goods from Europe that the debt which we shall have to pay will be very small indeed. There is no exaggeration, therefore, in presuming that the next three months, to wit: May, June and July, will add from ten to fifteen millions to our specie reserve, and that in the beginning of August the banks will find themselves with a specie accumulation of from forty-five to fifty millions of dollars. Indeed, as the influx of specie to the financial centres of the world does not proceed alone from the gold producing regions, but rather flows from the pockets of private individuals, who, in ordinary times, keep a certain amount of coin in circulation, there is every ground for believing that the gain of our banks during the next three months may be much larger. The country is supposed to contain some $250,000,000 in specie; of this we can find some $85,000,000 in banks; the balance—which is now in the purses of private individuals—may be banked to a great extent if this stagnation in trade continues.

The Bank of London contains at the present time, over $90,000,000 in specie; the Bank of France, $75,000,000. In comparison with these great institutions, our city banks are small potato concerns, holding among them less than half the specie which lies in the vaults of the Bank of France. Yet, as will occur to every reflecting mind at the first glance of these figures, this is a much more extensively commercial country than France; we produce more than the French, and we ought naturally to have more of the common circulating medium of commerce. One reason why New York holds so much less specie than Paris, is the division of the country into independent financial districts, each with its own financial centre. Thus Boston holds eight, Philadelphia six, New Orleans ten, and Richmond, Cincinnati and Chicago four or five more millions of dollars—making altogether some thirty millions of coin which are banked, held and distributed at centres outside of New York.

Were our city banks to avail themselves of the present period of ease and plethora of money to make this the great centre of the country, in a financial point of view, as London and Paris are the financial centres of England and France, the thing could be done with the greatest ease, and New York would soon hold as much specie as the European financial centres. All that would be required would be a certain association among the banks here, which might be so restricted and hedged round as not to interfere in any degree with their independent control of their present business. The association would have for its first object the distribution and regulation of a paper currency throughout the Union. It would have branch offices at Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Cincinnati, Richmond, Charleston, New Orleans and in other prominent towns; at these branch offices the bills of any member of the association would be redeemed at par. The immense advantage which an arrangement of this kind would give to the New York banks would enable them to drive all local concerns out of circulation altogether, and would render them, necessarily, the custodians of all the specie in bank throughout the country. The association would become as potent for good as the Bank of England is in Great Britain. It remains to be seen whether our bank managers will have the sense and sagacity to take steps for its organization.

One thing is certain: the accumulation of money at the great financial centres of the world must necessarily be the forerunner of a period of intense excitement and expansion. There is no use in saying that the example of the late breakdown will deter us. It is nonsense to talk of the still surviving troubles impeding a speculative movement. No such movement was ever stopped or checked by recollections, however vivid, of former troubles. As a body, mankind are strikingly contemptuous of experience. And there is another point worth considering. Whenever a necessary consummation is foreseen, it may be taken for granted that it is upon us. When people say on solid grounds that there will be failures in October, they generally come in August; when the public foresee speculation in August, it breaks forth in June.

Practically, the accumulation of money in the banks is a very disastrous and melancholy token; implying a stagnation in trade, dulness in industry, and a general falling off here in wages, there in profits, there in food. But as the foolish man conceives himself to be richer when he has sold his houses and lands for half their cost, and rejoices in the sight of the shining gold pieces, so the country looks wealthier as in fact it grows poorer; and just as the fool afterward is more likely to be careless of his money when he sees it before him in coin, than when it was yielding him a revenue in houses and lands, so the people of the United States, seeing the millions accumulate in the banks, are certain to forget the sorrow which drove it there, and to fly into all manner of speculations just to keep it agoing.

A New Dodge and a Successful One.

[From the New York News.]

A new way to pay a new debt was discovered a few days since, which, as the consequences attending it were not of the most agreeable kind to one of the parties concerned, it may be well that the public should know something of the *modus operandi*, and individuals be warned against a similar liquidation of claims.

A gentlemanly-looking person called one day the early part of the present week at a fashionable boarding house in Eighth street (Clinton Place,) to look at rooms, learn the cost of boarding, and to make such general inquiries as those seeking the "comforts of a home" usually do. The appearance of things was satisfactory, and the excellent landlady had every prospect of securing a valuable addition to her family. The bargain, however, was not quite consummated, and the applicant, as is *frequently* the case, we believe, promised to call on the morrow and complete the arrangements.

He called as he had promised, with an upholsterer to measure for carpets, curtains, &c., gave directions how to place the furniture, which would soon be along—how to lay the carpet without cutting, it being an expensive one—how to arrange the curtains, and how all things were to be disposed of to the best advantage for securing his comfort and enjoyment. Much of this necessary conversation was carried on near the parlor door, and at times in the hall—so that he had most of the time his eye on the outer door.

At length the door bell rang—a man with a package was admitted, whom the new boarder seemed rather pleased to see. He was carelessly invited into the parlor, just as any other owner of a fine house would do, and the man was asked if he had the bill. The package was laid upon the table—the bill presented to the *gentleman of the house* who examined it, found it all right, counted out $400 and paid it, put the receipted bill in his pocket—and the man, plus $400, left. The *gentleman*, after giving some further directions about his baggage, which would soon arrive, left also, and has *not yet returned*—neither has his furniture, baggage, &c., been received at the house; but a second call was made by the young man, (who proved to be a clerk in a jewelry store,) with several policemen, who were exceedingly anxious to find the gentlemanly occupant of the house, as they supposed him to be, but of course met with no success.

The history of the affair was this:—The *gentleman* seeking board was a counterfeiter, or passer of counterfeit bills. He had purchased $400 worth of watches, had them sent to this house, to arrive at a certain hour, which of course was duly complied with; and the bill presented was paid with eight nicely engraved, handsome looking $50 bogus bank notes, which discovery was made after the clerk had reached the store of his employers—thus giving the gentleman seeking board a good start on the race. This was altogether a shrewd operation, and one by which most any person would be likely to be imposed upon.

Acquittal of a Murderer in Kentucky—Singular Language from a Judge.

The young man, Hardesty, who shot and killed Grubb, in Burlington, Boone county, Kentucky, about a year ago, was tried and acquitted last Thursday. The case was an interesting one. Grubb had seduced a sister of Hardesty, and the latter, on discovering the fact, told the seducer that if he did not marry her in six months he would kill him. The six months having expired without Grubb's compliance, Hardesty met him on the street and shot him dead. Grubb was armed for defense, but was pierced by the bullet of his antagonist while in the act of drawing his pistol.

On the rendition of the verdict, Judge Nuttall delivered the following verdict. It has more of human nature, or, rather, of Kentucky nature, than of judicial propriety, in it:

Sir: You have been indicted by a grand jury of your country upon a most heinous charge. You have put yourself upon your Country and your God for deliverance. You have had a fair and impartial trial before them, and they have both pronounced you not guilty, and so say I. It may not be proper for me to express my sentiments, yet, nevertheless, I will do it. Young man! had I been wronged as you have been, I would have spent every dollar I had on earth, and all that I could have [illegible] blood. Go home without delay. You are acquitted.

Both the verdict and this judgment were received with shouts of applause.

Col. Orr, the present Speaker of the House, having intimated his intention to be again a candidate for the suffrages of his district, two other Colonels and a Major have opened a warm campaign against each other for the succession. All three are stumping the district together, all addressing the same meetings, Kentucky fashion.

Personal.

Madame Orsini has left Paris to return to the Italian village, where she has long been established a schoolmistress. Friends helped to administer comfort by subscribing handsomely to the widow and fatherless, and a sum of 2,?00 francs was placed in Madame Orsini's hands at the moment of departure, to which the principal subscribers are English.

Horace Mann, President of Antioch College, and Prof. Daniel Read, of the Wisconsin State University, have been elected as the Western lecturers before the National Teacher's Association, which meets at Cincinnati in August.

A gentleman offers two prizes says a London paper, one hundred guineas and the other of fifty, for the best essays on the causes which have led to the large diminution in the numbers of the Society of Friends during the last half century.

Mr. Urey, of Princeton, Ky., has manumitted 25 of his negroes, for the purpose of sending them to Liberia.

The statement that the famous Father Chiniquy had been restored to the Catholic Church is denied by the Bishop of Dubuque.

Queen Victoria has received a present of eighty Arabian horses from the Sultan. It is said the stud is to be under the management of Mr. Rarey.

The Common Council of Baltimore have extended the hospitalities of the city to Ex-President Fillmore, who is about to visit that city during the session of the Scientific Association.

By the recent death of the Earl of Aylmer, the honors and titles of the peerage have fallen upon a worthy Canadian farmer about forty years of age. His nephew sailed in the Indian from Portland on Saturday last, to take possession of his inheritance.

The New Gold Fields of Frazer's River.

According to our latest advices from the Pacific coast "a great gold fever had broken out in Washington Territory and Vancouver's Island." A letter-writer from the infected district, to a California paper, says:

We have had great times since last I wrote you. We are crazy with the gold fever. Everybody that can get away is off to Frazer's river after gold. Mills and mines, ships and shops, roads and ranches, all contribute to swell the number of sturdy miners. Stories of fabulous wealth are afloat, and there is no doubt but what there are very rich diggings indeed. They lie on Thompson's river, which is a tributary of Frazer's river, lying in English Territory, above the 50th parallel. Gold has been found by the Boundary Commission all along the line run by them, and there seems to be but little doubt that very soon we shall be producing large quantities of gold, adding another to the already numerous attractions of the Sound for settlers.

Other accounts say that the miners are making from a half an ounce to three ounces a day. We agree with the California editor, that "if these reports be true, we shall know it by the imports of the dust." We have had such reports before of great discoveries in Oregon, and doubtless for the same purpose of attracting emigrants. As the same mountain chain, however, which runs through California, runs, also, through Oregon, Washington and the British territories on the Pacific, it is probable that gold does exist, more or less, on the tributaries of Frazer's river. We hope the reports to this effect may be verified; because of the new impulse that would follow to our Pacific trade and passenger traffic; but we are rather inclined to suspect that by the next steamer we shall learn that these Frazer river diggings have been exhausted.—*N. Y. Herald.*

Gov. Banks as Speaker.—The Washington correspondent of the Boston *Traveller*, in speaking of Col. Orr, relates the following incident which transpired when Gov. Banks occupied the chair:

"This reminds me of an incident of Preston S. Brooks, which is little known. During Gov. Banks' administration as Speaker, on one day when debate ran high, Mr. Brooks persisted in making a statement when out of order. The Speaker said in a calm voice, 'The gentleman is out of order,' but he continued speaking. 'The gentleman from South Carolina is out of order,' said the Speaker, in a voice that rang through the hall like a clarion; but Mr. Brooks continued speaking. Now the Speaker sprang to his feet, his gavel fell with a resounding clash down upon the brazen rail of the desk, and the echoes of the old hall were awakened by the sound as he said, 'The Sergeant-at-arms will arrest the Member from South Carolina.' Mr. Brooks dropped instantly into his seat, a dead weight, leaving a word half uttered. There was a death-like stillness in the House for a second, when the ball was set in motion by the Speaker calmly saying 'the gentleman from Ohio has the floor.'"

The Fishing Season at Ontonagon.—The Miner says: "The fishing season has commenced with us in good earnest. On Saturday last, Hitchcock made a lift of eighteen nets and took over six barrels of white fish and trout, the largest catch with the same number of gill nets ever made at this point. The trout, taken as a lot, were the finest and fattest we have ever seen. We also noticed a few fine siskowit among the assortment. Capt. Peck has also a party of men at work with fair success. In the way of seining, we notice that Johnson continues to capture some very fine white fish, and within a day or two past our worthy Representative has taken quite a fancy to the finny tribe. He has caught some of the largest white fish of the season."

Four Men Drowned.—The Allegan *Journal* has received intelligence from the mouth of the river, that four men have found a watery grave. John J. Holmes, a fisherman, accompanied by Nelson Nightingale, John Taff and Vosburg went out in a boat for the purpose of fishing. The boat came ashore capsized, with all sail set. They were all married men.

New Advertisements.

DOCTOR N. F. COOKE,
HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN.—OFFICE and Residence removed to 3? Michigan street, two doors from Rush street.

KISS-ME-QUICK,
Or, Extract of Tu-Lips;
AND FRANGIPANNI PERFUMES.
A fresh supply of these Perfumes just received by
J. H. REED & CO.,
my1 Druggists and Apothecaries, 144 & 146 Lake st.

BARKER & WALWORTH,
[SUCCESSORS OF HENRY BATES,]
At the
"OLD STATE ST. STORE,"
54 & 56 State Street,
INVITE YOUR ATTENTION TO THEIR stock of Groceries, Provisions, Green, Dried, and Preserved Fruits, &c. [illegible]
Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge, and warranted to give entire satisfaction.
P. O. Box 8?? my1-1m

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
OF
CARPETS!
The stock assigned by
LEONARD & BALDWIN,
For Sale for the next 30 Days,
AT HALF PRICE!
AT
P. PALMER'S,
139.......Lake Street.......139
[ON THIRD FLOOR.]
By Order of Assignee.

STORE FIXTURES FOR SALE,
Consisting of Desks, Counters, Shelving, Gas Fixtures, Office Furniture and Railings.

Shingles! Shingles!!
I AM NOW MANUFACTURING BEVARD'S AUTOMATIC SHINGLES [illegible]
L. JONES.

Notice.
TO DEALERS IN LUMBER, TIMBER, WOOD, STOVES, [illegible]
A. G. THROOP, Agent.

$100,000!
ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS [illegible]

GRAIN ELEVATOR,
Nos. 266 to 272 South Water Street, [illegible]

W. B. POMEROY & CO.
ARE NOW ESTABLISHED IN THE [illegible]

Clothing &c.

1858. Spring and Summer. 1858.
SCOTT, KEEN & CO.,
142 - - Lake Street, - - 142
We are now receiving daily an
IMMENSE STOCK OF SPRING AND SUMMER
CLOTHING,
For Men and Boy's Wear.
It embraces all the
New, Stylish and Desirable Garments,
FOR THE SEASON,
And were manufactured with even more care and taste than any previous stock. Special attention is solicited to our
Spring Over Raglans.
Having paid particular attention to our
Youth's and Children's Department,
An unusually large and tasty stock is now on exhibition.
OUR CUSTOM DEPARTMENT,
Under care of Mr. [illegible], is replete with a new stock of
Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings,
Of the latest importations and Home Manufacture.
SCOTT, KEEN & CO.
apl 142 Lake street.

1858. Spring Trade. 1858.
FIELD, BENEDICT & CO.,
51 & 53 SOUTH WATER ST.,
ARE NOW RECEIVING THEIR USUAL LARGE STOCK OF
Broadcloths, Cassimeres,
DOESKINS, TWEEDS,
VESTINGS, SATINETTS, KY. JEANS, COTTONADES,
Coating Linens and Linen Drills,
TAILORS' TRIMMINGS, ETC., ETC.,
To which they invite the attention of the Trade.
Agents for Scott's Report of Fashions.

P. PALMER,
139.......Lake Street.......139
SPRING
CARPETS!
OIL CLOTHS,
AND CURTAIN GOODS!
AT
Wholesale and Retail,
AT
PANIC PRICES!
I have purchased within the past 30 days,
$50,000 Worth of Carpets,
At Auction and of Assignees, at
HALF THE ORIGINAL COST.
Also received on consignment, the balance of an imported stock of
ENGLISH CARPETS,
All of which will be sold for the
NEXT TWENTY DAYS,
At the following prices:
50 PCS. ENGLISH BRUSSELS, At 90c., Worth 10s.
200 PCS. TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, At 8s., Worth 12s.
200 PCS. VELVETS, At 10 & 12s., Worth 12 & 16s.
25 PCS. THREE PLYS, At 95c. & 8s., Worth 10s.
And other Carpets in proportion.
P. S.—Liberal cash advances made on consignments of Carpets and Dry Goods. Bankrupt Stocks bought for cash.

DRY GOODS,
FOR
SPRING TRADE,
At Panic Prices!
NOW IN STORE,
$100,000 Worth Spring Goods,
BOUGHT FOR CASH,
FROM AUCTION, ASSIGNEE & BANKRUPT SALES,
AT HALF PRICE!
Silks, Ginghams,
Shawls, Domestics,
Embroideries, Delaines,
Hosiery, Prints.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
I am selling Goods at as low prices as at any time during the panic, and for the present shall only charge a sufficient advance on Goods to pay the expenses of conducting business, until the returning prosperity of the country shall justify a profit.
After this date (April 20th), only one price at retail, and the purchase money in all cases refunded when purchases prove not satisfactory either in price or quality.
P. S.—Bankrupt Stocks bought for cash.
P. PALMER,
139 Lake Street.

AT WHOLESALE,
FOR CASH!
Foreign & Domestic Dry Goods,
AT
SMASH-DOWN PANIC PRICES!
MERRIMAC, COCHECO AND PACIFIC PRINTS,
Best Styles, at 9 1-2 Cents.
LANCASTER GINGHAMS, AT 9½ CENTS.
All other Goods at prices in proportion.
P. PALMER,
139 Lake Street.

FAY & CO.'S MACHINERY DEPOT.
Ten Woodworth Planers,
FIFTY-FIVE FARRAR'S PLANERS,
Twenty-five Sash and Molding Machines,
25 TENONING MACHINES,
TWENTY SCROLL SAWS,
TWENTY-FIVE SIDING SAWS,
TEN STEAM ENGINES,
LEATHER BELTING, RUBBER BELTING, HOSE TRUCKS, &c.
Constantly on hand, and for sale at Fay & Co.'s Machine Depot, South Water street, two doors from Clark.
W. H. DOANE, Agent.

LEECHES! LEECHES!!
A large supply of
FRESH LEECHES,
Just received, for sale low by J. H. REED & CO.
Wholesale & Retail Druggists, 144 & 146 Lake st.

CHICAGO TYPE FOUNDRY AND PRINTER'S WAREHOUSE, No. ?? Washington street, Chicago.
The subscriber is prepared to furnish type [illegible]

Insurance.

PEORIA
MARINE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PEORIA.
Capital..........$500,000
Paid up in Cash..........300,000
MARINE AND FIRE RISKS UNDERWRITTEN,
On most favorable terms.
LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED
And Paid at this Agency.
J. AUG. WRIGHT, Agent,
South Water street, Chicago.

JOHN B. ACKLEY,
LIFE, FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE AGENCY,
Office No. 4 Masonic Temple,
CHICAGO..........ILLINOIS

NEW YORK INSURANCE AGENCY.
Fire, Marine and Life.
MANHATTAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
HOWARD FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
INDEMNITY FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
LAMAR FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
ARCTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.
PACIFIC MUTUAL MARINE INS. CO.
MUTUAL BENEFIT LIFE INS. CO.
PHILLIPS & VAN WAGENEN,
Agents, No. 4 Dole's Building,
Corner Clark & S. Water sts.

1858. THE OLD ESTABLISHED 1858.
NORTH-WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
Of Oswego,
ARE ISSUING POLICIES ON HULLS, Cargoes and Freight Lists, at the LOWEST RATES. [illegible]
MASON & CO., Agents, S. Water st., Dole's Building.

THE GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
CHICAGO, ILL.
[illegible]
DIRECTORS. OFFICERS. James H Rees, Pres't. H A Tucker, Treasurer. [illegible]

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL..........$10,000,000.
Paid up Capital, and Surplus and Reserved Funds, Nearly..........$5,000,000.
[illegible]
JOHN H. KINZIE, Agent, Corner Clark & S. Water sts.

HOWARD FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO.
OF PHILADELPHIA, PA.
Capital..........$600,000
Surplus Capital..........$154,551 18
Aggregate Capital (including surplus) December 31st, 1857,
$754,551.18.
Percival M. Potts, Pres't. C. B. Spangler, Vice Pres't.
R. T. Kensil, Treasurer. W. H. Wilson, Secretary.
This Company, having complied with the Law of Illinois, [illegible]

Real Estate for Sale.

CHOICE NORTH SIDE PROPERTY FOR SALE—[illegible] Inquire of A. J. BROWN.

ONE OF THE BEST FARMS IN ILLINOIS FOR SALE—[illegible]

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A NEW AND Comfortable Cottage, [illegible]

HOUSE AND LEASE FOR SALE—A good House, [illegible] Metropolitan Block.

Land in Missouri.
WE ARE DAILY SURVEYING AND making selections from between two and three millions of acres of Yellow Pine, Mineral and Agricultural lands [illegible]

A. C. Oertel,
REAL ESTATE AND BILL BROKER, South Clark street, Chicago, Ill. [illegible]

U. S. GOVERNMENT
Land Locating Agency.
THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING HAD MUCH practical experience in Selecting and Locating Lands in the various Land Districts in the Western States, [illegible]
LAND WARRANTS OR CASH
IOWA, WISCONSIN AND MISSOURI.
And 40 Per Cent. Profit Guaranteed,
Payable in one year.
IOWA, WISCONSIN AND ILLINOIS LANDS
For Sale low for Cash.
Money Invested in Kansas and Nebraska.
[illegible] SALISBURY, Land Locating Agent, Clark street, Chicago.

Hats & Caps.

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS,
At Wholesale.
E. R. KELLOGG & CO.
8?.......Lake Street.......8?
Corner of State Street.
WE ARE NOW RECEIVING A FULL assortment of NEW GOODS for Spring and Summer trade, [illegible]

BENEDICT, MALLORY & FARNUM,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS,
Nos. 45 & 47 Lake Street,
[up stairs.]
ARE DAILY RECEIVING A LARGE assortment of the above articles [illegible]
Will Give Satisfaction.

HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!
SPRING STYLE NOW READY
AT
85.......Lake Street.......85
UNDER TREMONT HOUSE.
E. EMERSON.

Illinois Central R. R. Company.
FREIGHT OFFICE, Chicago, April 21, 1858.
THE ATTENTION OF SHIPPERS IS respectfully asked to the great facilities offered by the Illinois Central Railroad over all other routes, for the transportation of Groceries, Grain, and Provisions to and from New Orleans and Chicago, [illegible]

Wanted Immediately.
AN ACTIVE BUSINESS MAN, WHO CAN [illegible]

Plumbing.

R. D. McFARLANE,
GAS, STEAM FITTING,
AND
PLUMBING ESTABLISHMENT,
54....LA SALLE STREET....54
CHICAGO.
AN EXTENSIVE ASSORTMENT OF
Gas Fixtures,
From the Celebrated Manufactory of
CORNELIUS & BAKER,
Always on hand, comprising the Newest and Most Elaborate Designs.
PRACTICAL PLUMBING,
And Manufacturer of
ALL KINDS OF STEAM WORK.
Particular attention given to fitting up
HOTELS,
WITH STEAM, WATER AND GAS.
IRON SETTEES, CHAIRS AND VASES FOR GARDEN LAWN [illegible]
COUNTRY ORDERS
PROMPTLY AND FAITHFULLY ATTENDED TO.
TO THE TRADE.
THE TRADE SUPPLIED WITH TOOLS, IRON PIPE FITTINGS, GAS FIXTURES, PLUMBING MATERIALS, AND EVERY ARTICLE IN THE GAS, STEAM-FITTING AND PLUMBING BUSINESS.
54 LA SALLE STREET, CHICAGO.

Hardware, Machinery &c.

CUTLERY, GUNS, ETC.
JOHNSON, SPENCER & CO.,
No. 16 South Water Street,
IMPORTERS AND EXTENSIVE WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Table and Pocket Cutlery,
ENGLISH GUNS, SPORTING APPARATUS
And Gunsmiths' Materials.
Also—Sole Agents for Joshua Moss and Gamble Brothers' Superior ENGLISH FILES.

Excelsior Iron Works.
MASON, McARTHUR & CO,
MANUFACTURERS OF
All Kinds of Steam Boilers,
GASOMETERS, WROUGHT IRON, AND HOUSE WORK, of every description, [illegible] BOWEN'S PATENT BOLT AND RIVET MAKING MACHINES.
Works, corner of Canal and Carroll streets, Chicago, Ill.

THOMAS GEORGE & CO.,
AT THEIR OLD STAND
201.......LAKE STREET.
MANUFACTURE
All Kinds of Tinware, Sheet Iron
And Copper Ware,
AND DEAL IN
STOVES, FURNACES, COOKING RANGES,
Plain, Planished, Stamped, Japanned Tinware,
ROUGH AND FINISHED BRASS WORK
Of every Description,
GAS PIPE, LEAD PIPE, PUMPS, HYDRAULIC RAMS, BAR PUMPS, SODA FOUNTAINS, TOILET WARE, WATER COOLERS, ETC. ETC.
Also, a complete Stock of
Tinner's Machines and Tools,
ALL AT LOW PRICES.

For Sale or Rent.
WATER LOTS ON SOUTH BRANCH [illegible]
GATES, WARNER, CHALMERS & FRASER, Eagle Works.

P. W. Gates, Warner, Chalmers & Fraser,
MANUFACTURERS OF RAILROAD CARS, [illegible]
Steam Engines and Boilers,
[illegible] Engines and Hand Lathes, [illegible]
POWER AND HAND PLANERS [illegible]
EAGLE WORKS, CHICAGO, ILL.

CHICAGO
LEAD PIPE AND SHEET LEAD WORKS.
COLLINS & BLATCHFORD
MANUFACTURERS OF LEAD PIPE,
SHEET AND BAR LEAD,
And Dealers in
PIG LEAD:
AGENTS FOR
Collier White Lead and Oil
COMPANY,
AND
St. Louis Shot Tower.
A full assortment of the above [illegible]
ORDERS FROM THE TRADE SOLICITED.
COLLINS & BLATCHFORD, Cor. Clinton and Fulton sts.

Boots & Shoes.

BOOTS AND SHOES,
At Wholesale.
BURL, HILL & [illegible]
47.......South Water Street [illegible]
Cash and Prompt Paying [illegible]

WADSWORTH & WELLS,
BOOT & SHOE JOBBERS,
WAREHOUSE,
59 & 60 Lake Street . . . . Chicago.
Would respectfully call the attention of
CASH AND PROMPT PAYING BUYERS
To their
Stock of Boots and Shoes,
NOW DAILY ARRIVING.
Good Goods! Low Prices!! Prompt Pay!!!

DOGGETT, BASSETT & HILLS,
WHOLESALE DEALERS,
South Water Street [illegible]
BOOTS AND SHOES [illegible]
Low Prices for Cash or Approved [illegible]

ON VIEW.
The Horses, Carriages,
SLEIGHS, CUTTERS, HARNESS, [illegible]
THE GREAT SALE
On Wednesday, [illegible]

[illegible]
ARE NOW PREPARED [illegible]

The Book [illegible]

Copartnership [illegible]

DISSOLUTION NOTICE [illegible]

Physicians [illegible]

DAILY TRIBUNE.

COMMERCIAL.

CHICAGO WHOLESALE MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE, Monday Evening, May 3, 1858.

The drizzly weather which prevailed throughout to-day rendered the aspect of things dull and uninteresting. The attendance on 'Change was small, and sales were not very brisk. The arrivals of wheat were large as will be seen by reference to the statement below. There is no change in freights from Saturday's prices, being about 3c to Buffalo for wheat. The Barque Fairchild takes corn to Oswego at 6c, and schooners Andrews and Tarry Not wheat to same port at 7c.

FLOUR—The brisk trade which was driven in this commodity yesterday seems to have already subsided, and buyers have been compelled to holding operations. A sale of common was made.

RYE FLOUR—Prices unchanged, good brands bringing $3.00 at depot.

CORN MEAL—Common brands for country, kiln dried.

WHEAT—Declined 1c. Sales were mostly in full cargo lots.

CORN—Has lost a trifle of its buoyancy.

OATS—Are quiet.

BARLEY—No transactions to speak of.

SEEDS—Clover. Hungarian grass.

POULTRY—Dressed chickens. Turkeys.

BUTTER—More active for large lots.

EGGS—Plenty at 8@9c.

POTATOES—Abundant.

LARD—Scarce, and held at 11c.

SALT—

PROVISIONS—

HIGHWINES—

WOOL—

SHEEP SKINS—

HIDES—

GREEN APPLES—

DRIED FRUIT—

DRIED BERRIES—

BEANS—

FEED—

LUMBER—The arrivals have been very large, but prices unchanged.

WOOD—

BROOM CORN—Ordinary Brush.

HOPS—

HAY—

Live Stock Market.

New York Market—May 1.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

FLOUR—

RYE FLOUR—Dull and lower.

New York Stock Market—May 1.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

Receipts by Railroad.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY R. R.

CHICAGO, ST. PAUL & FOND DU LAC R. R.

GALENA AND CHICAGO UNION RAILROAD.

CHICAGO & ROCK ISLAND R. R.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

The schooner E. S. Howe is now loading at Amherstburg for London street. She is a three master.

THE Blue Bell, which we noticed as being ashore at White Lake, arrived here Saturday. All her rigging is gone, nothing standing but the stump of her main-mast.

The Schooner Arrow, carried away her main-mast.

The schooners Josephine and S. M. Mason, cleared on the 26th from Oswego; and the schooner J. S. Newhouse, on the 28th from Buffalo for this place.

TO CANAL BOAT OWNERS.—Boats are now allowed to draw four feet four inches, on the Illinois and Michigan Canal.

PROPELLERS.—The Buckeye, N. T. Co., passed up yesterday afternoon about two o'clock.

The Young America, of the same company, passed down yesterday forenoon.

SANDUSKY HARBOR.—The Register of Monday evening.

The steamer Illinois came up from Cleveland early Friday morning, and got away for Lake Superior.

A QUICK TRIP.—The schooner James Christie.

The flags of the shipping in the harbor are displayed at half mast, in token of respect to Capt. John Allen, of the schr Mary Ann, who was lost overboard.

PORT OF CHICAGO.

Arrived—May 1.

Cleared—May 1.

Illinois and Michigan Canal.

ARRIVED—MAY 1.

CLEARED—MAY 1.

RECEIPTS BY CANAL—MAY 1.

Merchandise.

ALCOHOL.—50 barrels. For sale by SARGENT & ILSLEY, Wholesale Druggists, 140 Lake street.

BUTTER.—3 bbls fresh just received on consignment by S. S. WHITNEY, 137 Kinzie street.

BUTTER.—3 boxes just received on consignment by S. S. WHITNEY.

BUTTER.—From poor to prime, for sale by J. W. BUSHNELL, 251 S. Water st.

BEEF.—50 bbls mess and 50 bbls extra, for sale.

BURNING FLUID.—50 bbls, for sale by SAWYER, PAIGE & CO.

BROOMS.—250 doz. Brooms for sale on consignment, by SAWYER, MELLEN & CO.

BROOM CORN.—25 tons for sale by SAWYER, MELLEN & CO., 258 and 260 South Water st.

BUTTER.—50 kegs for sale by MARSH, HAYWOOD & CO.

BATH TUBS.—Manufactured to order and for sale by HAMILTON, BROOKS & CO.

BAY RUM.—A superior article at SARGENT & ILSLEY'S, 140 Lake st.

CHEESE.—Hamburg and W. R., the finest for sale by J. W. BUSHNELL.

CHEESE.—200 boxes Hamburg for sale by WM. LITTLE & CO., 161 S. Water st.

COFFEE.—350 bags Rio Coffee now arriving. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

COFFEE.—300 bags Rio, 100 bags Santos, for sale by REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

DRIED APPLES.—100 bbls for sale by WM. LITTLE & CO., 161 South Water street.

EGGS.—3 bbls fresh just received on consignment by S. S. WHITNEY, 137 Kinzie street.

EGGS.—2 bbls just received on consignment by S. S. WHITNEY, 137 Kinzie st.

FLOUR.—Carbondale Extra Family for sale by J. J. RICHARDS, 150 South Water street.

FLOUR.—Mt. Morris Extra Baker's Flour for sale by J. J. RICHARDS, 150 South Water street.

FLOUR.—200 bbls Wisconsin Club and Aurora City, for sale on consignment by J. H. GALE & CO.

FLOUR.—Sterling Mills Extra for sale by J. W. BUSHNELL.

FLOUR.—3000 bbls. extra Family Flour, for sale by MARSH, HAYWOOD & CO., 30 South Water street.

FIGS.—15 cases prime new Figs, for sale by REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

FLOUR.—Fagin's celebrated XXX and for sale by SAWYER, MELLEN & CO., 258 & 260 South Water st.

FLOUR.—Granite Mills, a choice article for Baker's use, constantly on hand and for sale, by SAWYER, MELLEN & CO., 258 and 260 South Water street.

GUNNY BAGS.—For sale by GUILD & FOSTER, 166 S. Water st.

GRASS SEED.—1,000 bushels Hungarian Grass Seed for sale by SAWYER, MELLEN & CO.

HAMS AND SHOULDERS.—1,000 pieces Smoked Hams and 1,000 pieces Shoulders, for sale by CRAIGIN & CO., 179 South Water street.

LARD.—50 bbls for sale at lowest cash prices by CRAIGIN & CO., 179 S. Water street.

OATS.—200 bags, and constantly receiving by J. B. WHITNEY, 214 Kinzie st.

OILS! OILS!! OILS!!!—Pure Sperm, Palm, Lard, Tanners and Whale Oils. For sale by J. H. REED & CO., Wholesale Druggists, 144 & 146 Lake street.

POTATOES.—20 bags just received on consignment by S. S. WHITNEY, 137 Kinzie street.

PORK.—50 bbls heavy mess, 50 bbls extra prime, for sale by CRAIGIN & CO.

RUMP PORK.—Superior brands for sale by J. J. RICHARDS, 150 South Water street.

SKINS.—3 bundles just received on consignment by S. S. WHITNEY, 137 Kinzie street.

SKINS.—1 bundle just received on consignment by S. S. WHITNEY, 137 Kinzie street.

SUGAR.—54 hhds prime N. O. on consignment and for sale by E. S. HUNTER, 15 River street.

SUGAR.—Daily arrivals of all grades New Orleans Sugar, direct from the plantations, offering at small advance from cost, by REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

SUGAR.—75 hhds new crop N. O. Sugar, 100 bbls N. O. Molasses. Arriving and for sale by REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

SOAP.—250 boxes Soap on consignment. MARSH, HAYWOOD & CO., 30 South Water st.

STARCH.—1,000 boxes Rockford Starch—A superior article not excelled in this country. For sale by MARSH, HAYWOOD & CO.

TEA.—200 chests for sale by WM. LITTLE & CO., 161 South Water street.

TOBACCO.—500 boxes cavendish offered at reduced prices. REYNOLDS, ELY & CO.

VEAL.—5 carcasses just received on consignment by S. S. WHITNEY, 137 Kinzie street.

WHITE FISH.—One dozen half barrels for sale by J. B. WHITNEY, 214 Kinzie street.

WHITE FISH AND TROUT.—250 1/2 bbls for sale on consignment by E. T. THOMAS, 29 North Dearborn street.

Educational.

BRYANT & STRATTON'S CHAIN OF National Mercantile Colleges, LOCATED AT

Chicago, Illinois—Clark street.

Cleveland, O.—cor. Superior and Seneca sts.

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Rooms open from 8 to 12 A. M., 1 1/2 to 5 P. M., and from 7 to 9 P. M.

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For further information please call at College Rooms, or send for circular.

BRYANT & STRATTON,
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RUBBER GOODS OF ALL KINDS, INCLUDING Hose, Covers, Fire Buckets, Toys, Druggists' Articles, wholesale and retail, at manufacturers' prices, by JNO. B. IDESON & CO., 80 South Water st., cor. Dearborn.

INDIA RUBBER CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES, at manufacturers' prices, by their agents JNO. B. IDESON & CO.

GOODYEAR'S PATENT VULCANIZED INDIA RUBBER BELTING & PACKING.

1858. 1858.

Buffalo, Cleveland and Chicago PROPELLER LINE.

FOUNTAIN CITY, 850 tons burthen.

GALENA,

DACOTAH,

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FINE EMBROIDERIES AND REAL LACES, AT AUCTION, In Quantities to Suit Purchasers, AT FRASHER & CARR'S.

To the Ladies.

By Order of Assignee.

ELEGANT DRESS GOODS.

T. B. CARTER & CO.

Are now Receiving a Very Large Stock of SPRING & SUMMER DRESS GOODS, Of Elegant Designs and Fabrics.

1858 *Insurance.* 1858

FIRE, MARINE AND LIFE.

MASON & CO. AGENTS,

130 SOUTH WATER STREET, DOLE'S BUILDING, CHICAGO.

Capt. J. Dorchester, Inspector.

THE MANNY PRIZE.

What Farmer Will Win It?

THANKFUL FOR THE PATRONAGE

Prize for the Best Wheat Field.

TALCOTT, EMERSON & CO.,

Rockford, Illinois

John H. Manny's Reaper & Mower, COMBINED AND SINGLE MOWER.

WRIGHT & McCLURE, Sextons and Undertakers,

HAVE ON HAND AT ALL TIMES, EVERY style and size, Wood, Lead, and Zinc Coffins.

REMOVAL.

New Work by Miss Kavanagh.

ADELE.—BY JULIA KAVANAGH, AUTHOR of "Nathalie," &c.

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HOUSE RENTING, REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL AGENT.

SPONGE! SPONGE!

J. H. REED & CO.

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MARSH, HAYWOOD & CO., COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND DEALERS in Grain, Flour, Produce, &c., 30 South Water street, Chicago.

TEMPLETON & KINSEY, PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

C. S. DOLE & CO., PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 150 South Water street, Chicago.

SAWYER, MELLEN & CO., COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, Nos. 258 and 260 South Water street, Chicago, Illinois.

BETTS, MELLEN & CO., COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, No. 12 South Main street, St. Louis, Mo.

WHITING & ANNIN, PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 3 Central Wharf, Buffalo, N. Y.

Culver & Bunker, COMMISSION DEALERS IN GRAIN, Flour, Pork, and all kinds of Produce, 158 South Water street.

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PARTICULAR ATTENTION GIVEN TO the sale of Wheat, Corn, Flour, or other Produce, in the Oswego, Albany, Troy and New York Markets.

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W. T. SHUFELDT & CO., 210 South Water St., Chicago. DISTILLERS OF ALCOHOL, PURE SPIRITS and COLOGNE SPIRITS.

ADVERTISING AGENCY, 65 Dearborn st............Chicago. GENERAL ADVERTISING AGENT FOR

Gravel for Sale.

THE CHICAGO SAND AND GRAVEL COMPANY are prepared to furnish Gravel.

Railroads.

Going East.

1858. SPRING ARRANGEMENT. 1858.

VIA MICHIGAN CENTRAL.

TRAINS LEAVE MICHIGAN CENTRAL Depot.

6:00 A. M.—NEW YORK EXPRESS.

7:45 A. M.—CINCINNATI EXPRESS.

4:30 P. M.—NEW YORK AND BOSTON EXPRESS.

8:45 P. M.—NEW YORK & BOSTON EXPRESS.

8:45 P. M.—CINCINNATI EXPRESS.

Mich. Southern & Nor. Ind. R. R.

1858. SPRING ARRANGEMENT. 1858.

TRAINS LEAVE CHICAGO, AS FOLLOWS:

Pennsylvania Railroad.

THE GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE CONnecting the Atlantic cities with Western.

Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

THREE DAILY TRAINS FROM PITTSBURG TO PHILADELPHIA.

AND ALL POINTS IN THE WEST.

Fare as Low as by any other Route.

Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago RAILROAD.

THIS NEW AND DIRECT ROUTE, NOW open to New York, Boston, Pittsburg.

Making One Grand, Unbroken Railroad Line BETWEEN CHICAGO AND THE EAST.

Fare as Low as Any Other Route.

TRAINS LEAVE DEPOT, ON VAN BUREN STREET, DAILY, AS FOLLOWS:

6:00, A. M. | 8:45, P. M.

With but one Change of Cars to Pittsburgh.

Checking Baggage Through.

Going West.

Great Western Mail Route.

SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, APRIL 25TH, 1858.

Galena and Chicago Union Railroad.

CHICAGO FULTON AND IOWA LINE.

BELOIT AND MADISON BRANCH.

FOX RIVER VALLEY RAIL ROAD.

FOR GALENA, DUNLEITH AND ST. PAUL.

TRAINS EASTWARD.

FOX RIVER VALLEY RAILROAD.

Chicago & Rock Island R. R. Line.

1858—SUMMER ARRANGEMENT—1858

FOR IOWA, KANSAS AND NEBRASKA.

No change of Cars between Chicago and Rock City.

ONLY DIRECT ROUTE FROM CHICAGO to Joliet, La Salle, Peru, Peoria, Rock Island, Davenport, Muscatine, Iowa City.

9.00 A. M.

8.30 P. M.

3.35 P. M.

Going Southwest.

Chicago, Burlington & Quincy R.R.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT—CHANGE OF TIME.

AT BURLINGTON—

AT QUINCY—

100,000 Seamless Bags.

THE SUBSCRIBERS, AGENTS FOR THE

Going South.

St. Louis, Alton & Chicago R. R.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Commencing April 1st, 1858.

TRAINS LEAVE NEW DEPOT, CORNER of West Van Buren and Canal streets.

EXPRESS MAIL (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED).

NIGHT EXPRESS (SATURDAYS EXCEPTED).

Connections:

AT CHICAGO—

AT JOLIET—

AT BLOOMINGTON—

AT SPRINGFIELD—

AT ALTON—

AT ST. LOUIS—

JOLIET ACCOMMODATION.

A. H. MOORE, Gen. Supt.

Chicago and Joliet ACCOMMODATION TRAIN.

COMMENCING THURSDAY, APRIL 1st, 1858, STOPPING AT ALL INTERMEDIATE STATIONS.

RETURNING.

Depot corner West Van Buren and Canal streets.

Illinois Central Railroad.

FOR ST. LOUIS, ALTON, LEAVENWORTH City, Kansas City, Terre Haute, Evansville, Decatur, Springfield, Jacksonville, Naples, Cairo, Memphis, Vicksburg, New Orleans and all points on the lower Mississippi.

CONNECTING

FARE FROM CHICAGO TO LOUISVILLE ONLY $7

New Albany and Salem Railroad.

FOR NEW ALBANY, LOUISVILLE, LEXINGTON and Frankfort, Kentucky.

TWO DAILY TRAINS LEAVE CHICAGO.

Only one change of Cars between Chicago and New Albany.

Burlington and Missouri River R. R.

IOWA, MISSOURI, NEBRASKA AND KANSAS.

CHICAGO, BURLINGTON & QUINCY R. R.

Going North.

Chicago and Milwaukee Railroad.

ON AND AFTER APRIL 1st, 1858, PASSENGER Trains will leave Station, corner of West Water and Cook streets, daily (Sundays excepted), as follows:

THROUGH TRAINS.

CONNECTIONS.

WAY TRAIN.

Paper.

WALL PAPER!

WALL PAPER!!

70......Randolph Street......70

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE OF WALL PAPER, Borders, Decorations, &c., AT COST, UNTIL FIRST OF MAY.

ALSO,

Window Shades, Trimmings, Fixtures, &c.

E. G. L. FAXON,

70......Randolph Street......70

BLODGETT PAPER CO., 73 Randolph Street.

THIS COMPANY HAVE RESOURCES

Chicago Paper Depot, NO. 48 STATE STREET.

BUTLER & HUNT HAVE NOW ON hand the following sizes of print:

Legal Notices.

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS, ON THE FIRST DAY OF

Dated at Chicago this 12th day of April, A. D. 1858.

JOSEPH CARSON,
HAMILTON G. VICKERY.

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS JACOB MAGNUS, OF THE

PUBLICATION NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS—Cook County—ss.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.

MASTER'S SALE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS, Cook County—ss. Circuit Court, Cook County. In Chancery.

IN PURSUANCE OF A DECRETAL ORDER entered in the above entitled cause in said court.

Master in Chancery, Cook County.

PUBLICATION NOTICE.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN

WALTER KIMBALL, Clerk.

PUBLICATION NOTICE.

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CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS—

AFFIDAVIT OF THE NON-RESIDENCE

MORTGAGE SALE.

WHEREAS ON THE FIRST

CHANCERY NOTICE.

STATE OF ILLINOIS—COOK COUNTY.

AFFIDAVIT OF THE NON-RESIDENCE

Opticians.

IMPROVE YOUR EYESIGHT AT THE OPTICAL ESTABLISHMENT AND EYE INFIRMARY.

37 Clark St., Room No. 1, Up Stairs, CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

To those Suffering from Bad Eyes.

DR. ROSENBERG, OPTICIAN AND OCULIST, (late of Paris, France,)

Newly Improved French Crystal & Brazilian Pebble SPECTACLES.

DISTINCT VISION

SPECTACLES, SUITED TO ALL SIGHTS and ages.

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LOUIS MAUSS, OPTICIAN.

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DR. UNDERWOOD,

FORMERLY OF THE EYE AND EAR

Watches, Jewelry, &c.

A. S. BECKWITH, Watch Maker, Jeweller,

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149......Lake Street, Chicago.

I WILL OFFER MY WHOLE STOCK at COST.

THE PAST EIGHTEEN

RAY, MEDILL &

VOL. XI.

DAILY TRIBUNE.

Tuesday Morning

By all means, vote!